

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

	Level			
	A	B1	B2	B3
13.1 Theory of Flight				
(a) <i>Aeroplane Aerodynamics and Flight Controls</i> Operation and effect of: — roll control: ailerons and spoilers, — pitch control: elevators, stabilators, variable incidence stabilisers and canards, — yaw control, rudder limiters; Control using elevons, ruddervators; High lift devices: slots, slats, flaps; Drag inducing devices: spoilers, lift dumpers, speed brakes; Operation and effect of trim tabs, servo tabs, control surface bias;	-	-	1	-
(b) High Speed Flight Speed of sound, subsonic flight, transonic flight, supersonic flight; Mach number, critical Mach number;	-	-	1	-
(c) Rotary Wing Aerodynamics Terminology; Operation and effect of cyclic, collective and anti-torque controls	-	-	1	-
13.2 Structures — General Concepts				
(a) Fundamentals of structural systems;	-	-	1	-
(b) Zonal and station identification systems; Electrical bonding; Lightning strike protection provision.	-	-	2	-

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

<p>13.3 Autoflight (ATA 22)</p> <p>Fundamentals of automatic flight control including working principles and current terminology;</p> <p>Command signal processing;</p> <p>Modes of operation: roll, pitch and yaw channels;</p> <p>Yaw dampers;</p> <p>Stability Augmentation System in helicopters;</p> <p>Automatic trim control;</p> <p>Autopilot navigation aids interface;</p> <p>Autothrottle systems;</p> <p>Automatic Landing Systems: principles and categories, modes of operation, approach, glideslope, land, go-around, system monitors and failure conditions.</p>	<p>-</p> <p>-</p> <p>3</p> <p>-</p>
<p>13.4 Communication/Navigation (ATA 23/34)</p> <p>Fundamentals of radio wave propagation, antennas, transmission lines, communication, receiver and transmitter;</p> <p>Working principles of following systems:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Very High Frequency (VHF) communication, — High Frequency (HF) communication, — Audio, — Emergency Locator Transmitters, — Cockpit Voice Recorder, — Very High Frequency omnidirectional range (VOR), — Automatic Direction Finding (ADF), — Instrument Landing System (ILS), — Microwave Landing System (MLS), — Flight Director systems, Distance Measuring Equipment (DME), — Very Low Frequency and hyperbolic navigation (VLF/Omega), — Doppler navigation, — Area navigation, RNAV systems, — Flight Management Systems, — Global Positioning System (GPS), 	<p>-</p> <p>-</p> <p>3</p> <p>-</p>

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

- Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS),
 - Inertial Navigation System,
 - Air Traffic Control transponder, secondary surveillance radar,
 - Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS),
 - Weather avoidance radar,
 - Radio altimeter,
 - ARINC communication and reporting.

13.5 Electrical Power (ATA 24)	-	-	3	-
Batteries Installation and Operation;				
DC power generation;				
AC power generation;				
Emergency power generation;				
Voltage regulation;				
Power distribution;				
Inverters, transformers, rectifiers;				
Circuit protection;				
External/Ground power.				
13.6 Equipment and Furnishings (ATA 25)	-	-	3	-
Electronic emergency equipment requirements;				
Cabin entertainment equipment.				
3.7 Flight Controls (ATA 27)				
(a) Primary controls: aileron, elevator, rudder, spoiler; Trim control; Active load control; High lift devices; Lift dump, speed brakes; System operation: manual, hydraulic, pneumatic; Artificial feel, Yaw damper, Mach trim, rudder limiter, gust locks. Stall protection systems	-	-	2	-
(b) System operation: electrical, fly-by-wire.	-	-	3	-
13.8 Instruments (ATA 31)	-	-	3	-
Classification;				
Atmosphere;				
Terminology;				
Pressure measuring devices and systems;				

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

Pitot static systems;
 Altimeters;
 Vertical speed indicators;
 Airspeed indicators;
 Machmeters;
 Altitude reporting/alerting systems;
 Air data computers;
 Instrument pneumatic systems;
 Direct reading pressure and temperature gauges;
 Temperature indicating systems;
 Fuel quantity indicating systems;
 Gyroscopic principles;
 Artificial horizons;
 Slip indicators;
 Directional gyros;
 Ground Proximity Warning Systems;
 Compass systems;
 Flight Data Recording systems;
 Electronic Flight Instrument Systems;
 Instrument warning systems including master warning systems and centralised warning panels;
 Stall warning systems and angle of attack indicating systems;
 Vibration measurement and indication;
 Glass cockpit.

13.9 Lights (ATA 33)	-	-	3	-
External: navigation, landing, taxiing, ice; Internal: cabin, cockpit, cargo; Emergency.				
13.10 On Board Maintenance Systems (ATA 45)	-	-	3	-
Central maintenance computers; Data loading system; Electronic library system; Printing; Structure monitoring (damage tolerance monitoring).				

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

13.11 Air Conditioning and Cabin Pressurisation (ATA21)

13.11.1. <i>Air supply</i>	-	-	2	-
Sources of air supply including engine bleed, APU and ground cart;				
13.11.2. <i>Air Conditioning</i>				
Air conditioning systems;	-	-	2	-
Air cycle and vapour cycle machines;	-	-	3	-
Distribution systems;	-	-	1	-
Flow, temperature and humidity control system.	-	-	3	-
13.11.3. <i>Pressurisation</i>	-	-	3	-
<i>Pressurisation systems;</i>				
Control and indication including control and safety valves;				
Cabin pressure controllers				
13.11.4. <i>Safety and warning devices</i>	-	-	3	-
Protection and warning devices.				

13.12 Fire Protection (ATA 26)

(a) Fire and smoke detection and warning systems; Fire extinguishing systems; System tests;	-	-	3	-
(b) Portable fire extinguisher.	-	-	1	-

13.13 Fuel Systems (ATA 28)

System lay-out;	-	-	1	-
Fuel tanks;	-	-	1	-
Supply systems;	-	-	1	-
Dumping, venting and draining;	-	-	1	-
Cross-feed and transfer;	-	-	2	-
Indications and warnings;	-	-	3	-
Refuelling and defuelling;	-	-	2	-
Longitudinal balance fuel systems.	-	-	3	-

13.14 Hydraulic Power (ATA 29)

System lay-out;	-	-	1	-
Hydraulic fluids;	-	-	1	-

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

Hydraulic reservoirs and accumulators;	-	-	1	-
Pressure generation: electrical, mechanical, pneumatic;	-	-	3	-
Emergency pressure generation;	-	-	3	-
Filters;	-	-	1	-
Pressure control;	-	-	3	-
Power distribution;	-	-	1	-
Indication and warning systems;	-	-	3	-
Interface with other systems.	-	-	3	-
13.15 Ice and Rain Protection (ATA 30)				
Ice formation, classification and detection;	-	-	2	-
Anti-icing systems: electrical, hot air and chemical;	-	-	2	-
De-icing systems: electrical, hot air, pneumatic, chemical;	-	-	3	-
Rain repellent;	-	-	1	-
Probe and drain heating;	-	-	3	-
Wiper Systems.	-	-	1	-
13.16 Landing Gear (ATA 32)				
Construction, shock absorbing;	-	-	1	-
Extension and retraction systems: normal and emergency;	-	-	3	-
Indications and warnings;	-	-	3	-
Wheels, brakes, antiskid and autobraking;	-	-	3	-
Tyres;	-	-	1	-
Steering;	-	-	3	-
Air-ground sensing.	-	-	3	-
13.17 Oxygen (ATA 35)				
System lay-out: cockpit, cabin;	-	-	3	-
Sources, storage, charging and distribution;	-	-	3	-
Supply regulation;	-	-	3	-
Indications and warnings.	-	-	3	-
13.18 Pneumatic/Vacuum (ATA 36)				

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

System lay-out;	-	-	2	-
Sources: engine/APU, compressors, reservoirs, ground supply;	-	-	2	-
Pressure control;	-	-	3	-
Distribution;	-	-	1	-
Indications and warnings;	-	-	3	-
Interfaces with other systems.	-	-	3	-
13.19 Water/Waste (ATA 38)	-	-	2	-
Water system lay-out, supply, distribution, servicing and draining;				
Toilet system lay-out, flushing and servicing.				
13.20 Integrated Modular Avionics (ATA42)	-	-	3	-
Functions that may be typically integrated in the Integrated Modular Avionic (IMA) modules are, among others: Bleed Management, Air Pressure Control, Air Ventilation and Control, Avionics and Cockpit Ventilation Control, Temperature Control, Air Traffic Communication, Avionics Communication Router, Electrical Load Management, Circuit Breaker Monitoring, Electrical System BITE, Fuel Management, Braking Control, Steering Control, Landing Gear Extension and Retraction, Tyre Pressure Indication, Oleo Pressure Indication, Brake Temperature Monitoring, etc.;				
Core System;				
Network Components.				
13.21 Cabin Systems (ATA44)	-	-	3	-
The units and components which furnish a means of entertaining the passengers and providing communication within the aircraft (Cabin Intercommunication Data System) and between the aircraft cabin and ground stations (Cabin Network Service). Includes voice, data, music and video transmissions.				
The Cabin Intercommunication Data System provides an interface between cockpit/cabin crew and cabin systems. These systems support data exchange of the different				

Module 13

Aircraft Aerodynamics, Structures and Systems

related LRU's and they are typically operated via Flight Attendant Panels.

The Cabin Network Service typically consists on a server, typically interfacing with, among others, the following systems:
— Data/Radio Communication, In-Flight Entertainment System.

The Cabin Network Service may host functions such as: — Access to pre-departure/departure reports, — E-mail/intranet/Internet access, — Passenger database;

Cabin Core System;

In-flight Entertainment System;

External Communication System;

Cabin Mass Memory System;

Cabin Monitoring System;

Miscellaneous Cabin System.

13.22 Information Systems (ATA46)

- - 3 -

The units and components which furnish a means of storing, updating and retrieving digital information traditionally provided on paper, microfilm or microfiche. Includes units that are dedicated to the information storage and retrieval function such as the electronic library mass storage and controller. Does not include units or components installed for other uses and shared with other systems, such as flight deck printer or general use display.

Typical examples include Air Traffic and Information Management Systems and Network Server Systems.

Aircraft General Information System;

Flight Deck Information System;

Maintenance Information System;

Passenger Cabin Information System;

Miscellaneous Information System